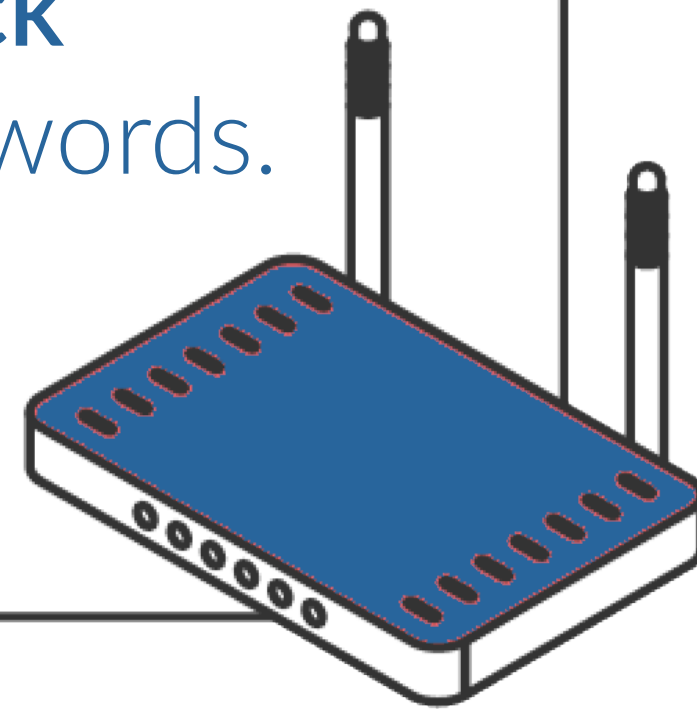




# Updating Your Router & Wi-Fi Passwords

Imagine your router as your home's front door – **except it came without a lock.** If it stays that way, bad guys can easily come in uninvited, steal your things, and even install their own lock on their way out!

Most wireless routers come with extremely **easy-to-crack** default passwords.



Follow these steps to increase the security of your network by **creating a strong and unique key** for your door — I mean, router!

1

Find out your router's IP address

2

Access the router settings

3

Change the router password

4

Configure your wi-fi settings

# #1 How to Find Your Router IP Address Using a Windows

## **ON WINDOWS**

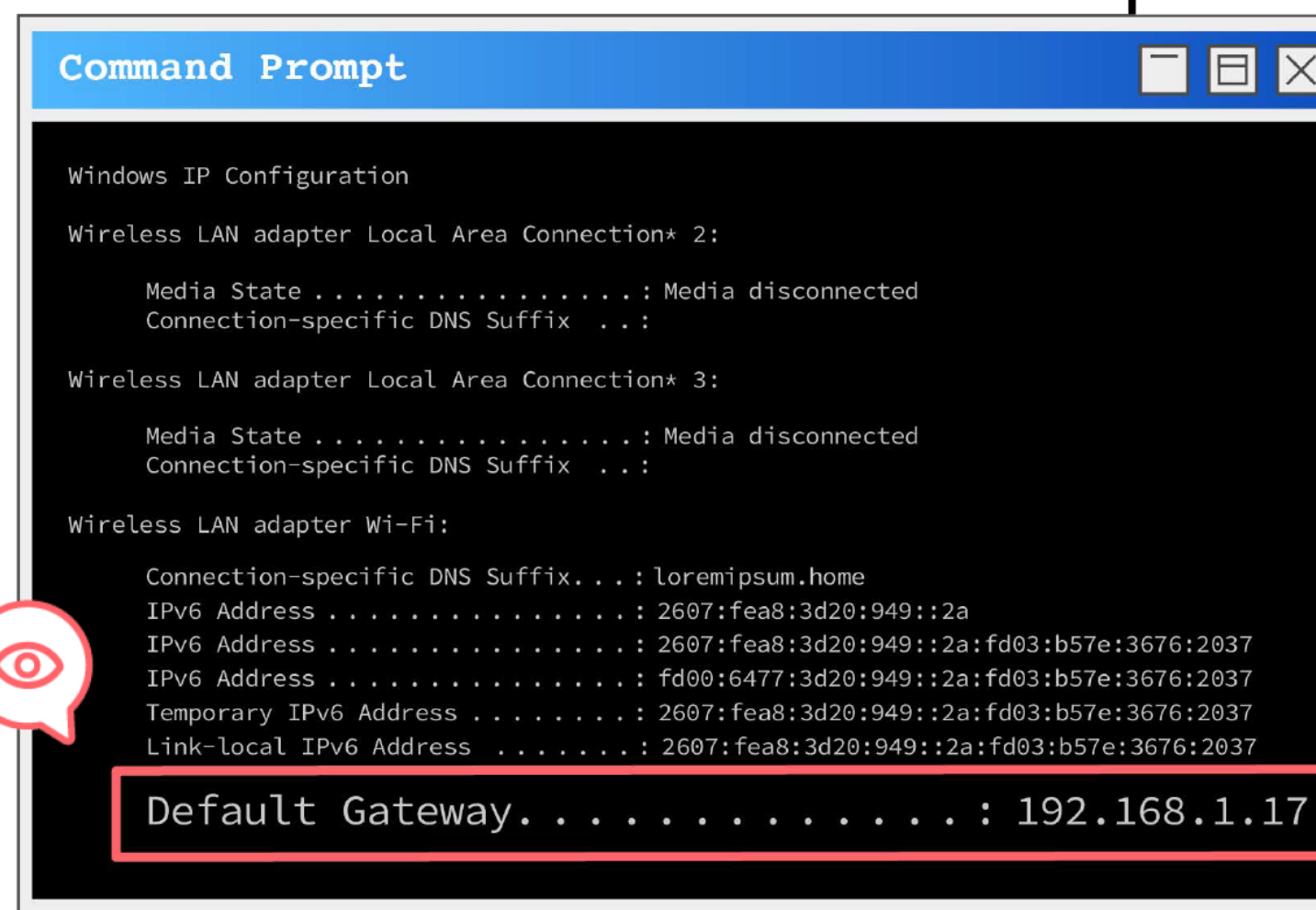
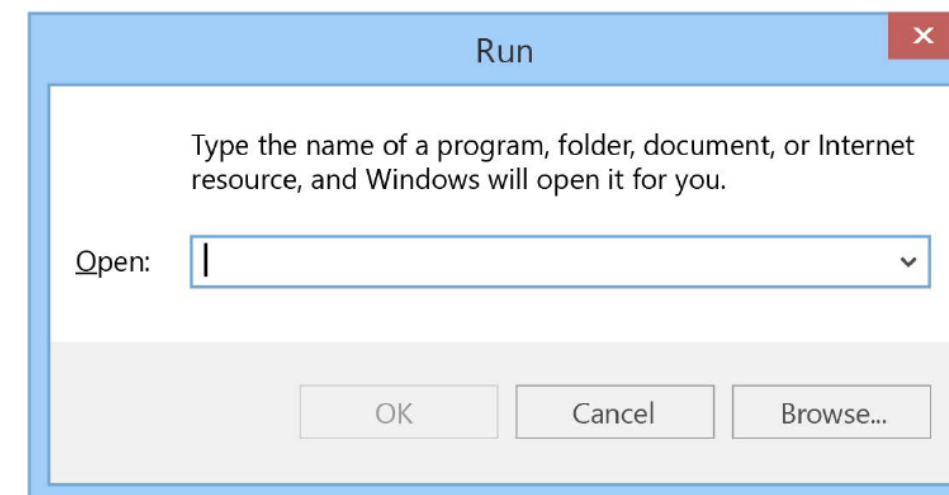
Press the Windows + R keys, and then Enter. The Run dialog box will open. Type cmd and click OK.

*The black screen that appears is the Command Prompt application.*

Type ipconfig and press Enter. Search among the results for Default Gateway.

Next to it will be your IP address (a sequence of numbers similar to 192.168.1.1 or 10.0.1.1).

Copy the number, and close the Command Prompt app.



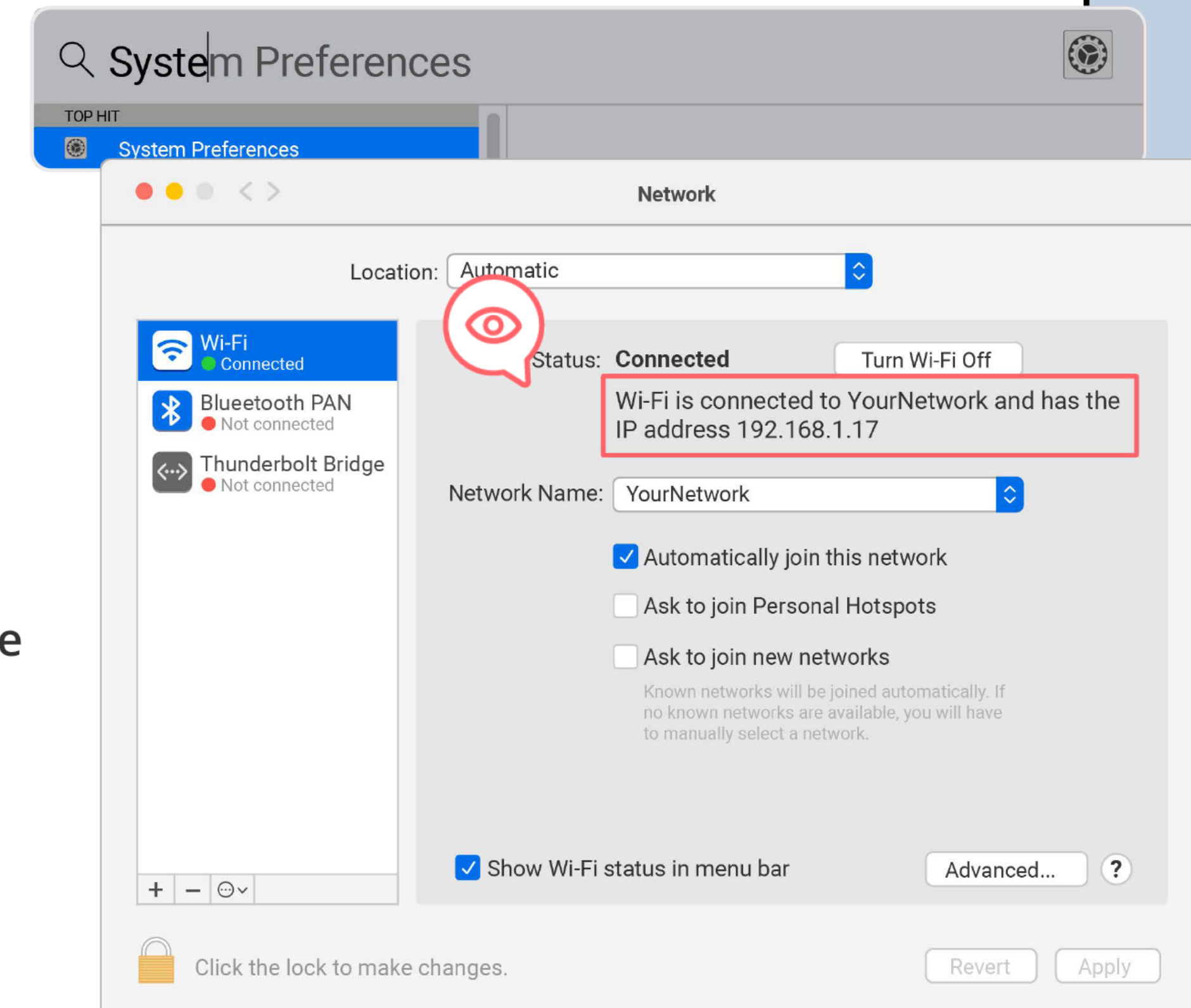
# #1 How to Find Your Router IP Address Using a Mac

## **ON MAC**

Type Command + Space and search for System Preferences. Double-click on the Network icon.

Select either Wi-Fi or Ethernet on the left side, and your IP address will be displayed as a sequence of numbers similar to **192.168.1.1** or **10.0.1.1**.

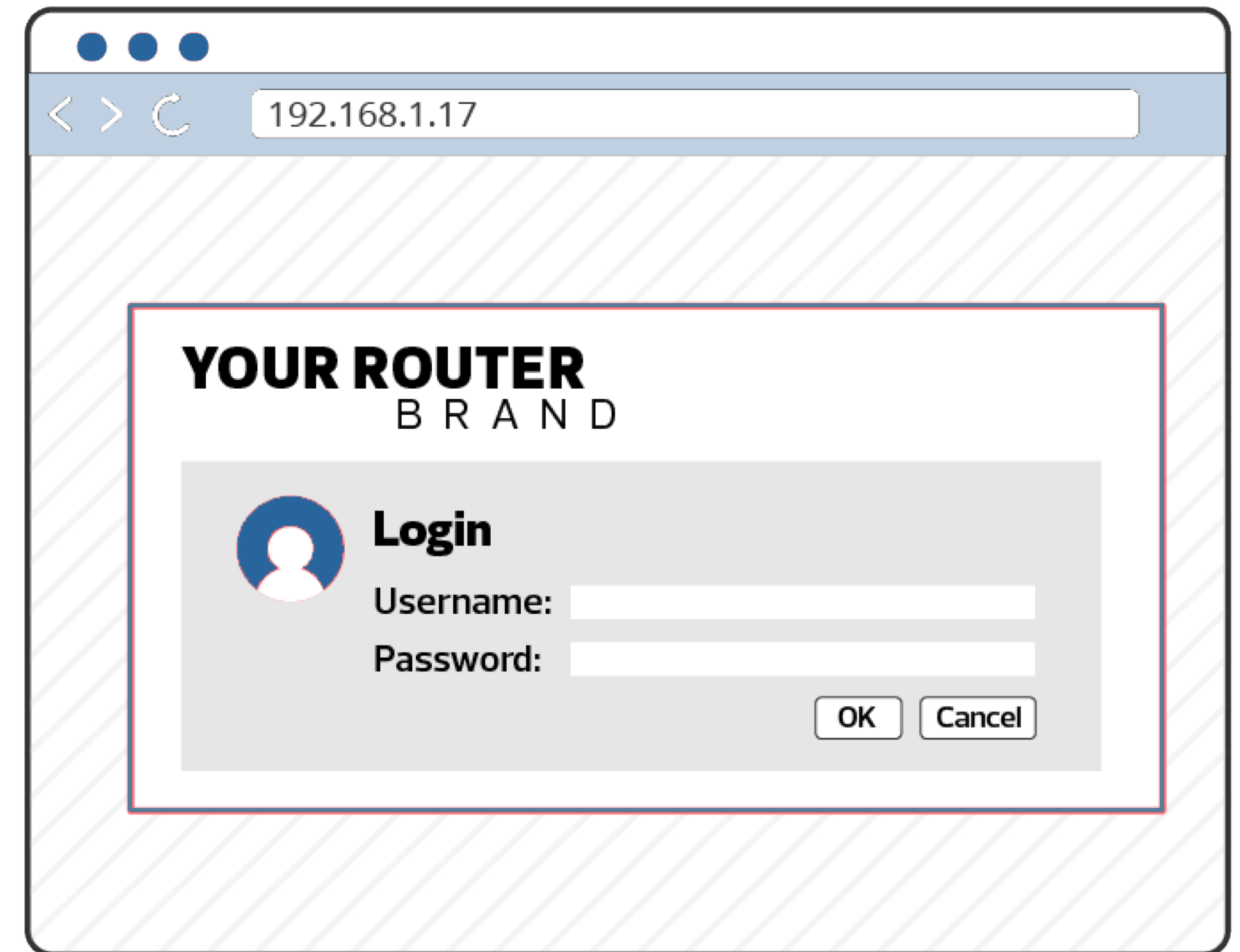
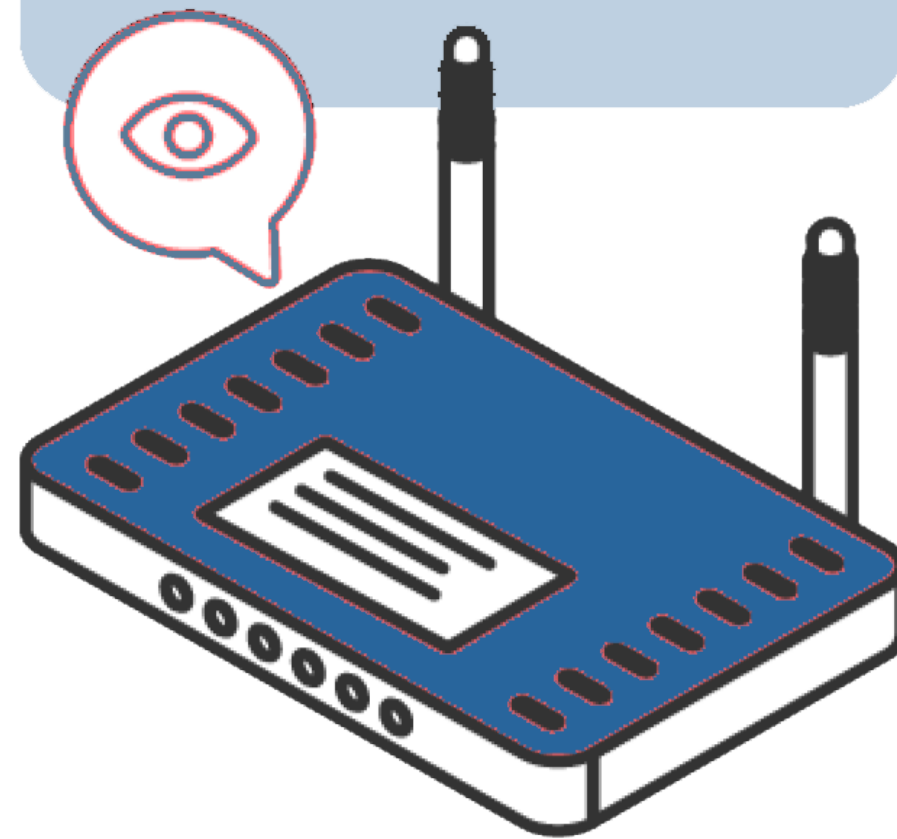
Copy the number, and close the window.



## 2. Access the router settings

- Open your browser.
- Paste the IP address that you copied in step #1 into the browser's address bar.
- Hit Enter.
- A login screen will appear.

Your router's login credentials can typically be found on a label located directly on the router.



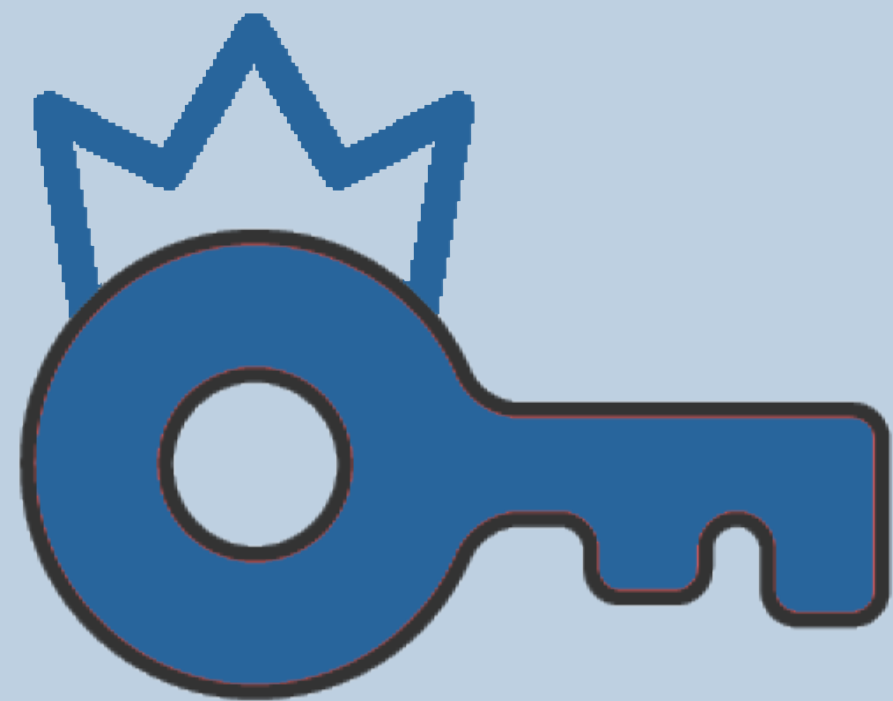
If you cannot find the label, look up your router's default password in the official manual or on the internet, where you can search for "[model type] router password."



{ect}

### #3 Change the router password

You are now logged in to your router's web page. Following the instructions that are specific to your router, **create a new router password that is strong and unique.**



\*\*\*\*\*

Weak passwords, like "password" and "12345," are easily hacked. Stay away from them! Deal?

{ect}

## #4 Configure your Wi-Fi Settings



A screenshot of a web browser displaying a router's configuration page. The browser's address bar shows the IP address 192.168.1.17. The page title is "YOUR ROUTER BRAND". There are four navigation tabs: "Home", "Settings", "Wireless", and "Advanced". The "Wireless" tab is selected. Below the tabs, there are three configuration fields: "Network Name (SSID):" with an empty text input field, "Wireless Password:" with an empty text input field, and "Security/Encryption:" with a dropdown menu currently set to "WPA2 Personal".

Change the name (SSID –Service Set Identifier) of your Wi-Fi network, following your manual's instructions.

Never use your own name remember that this information will be public to your neighborhood.

Create a new Wi-Fi password that is **strong and difficult** to guess but easy to remember.

{ect}



# That's It!

You have just created an important layer of security for your home network. If you have questions regarding these instructions, contact your organization's IT team.

